ENROLLMENT
FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE IN FIRST TERM: NEW YORK

What Is Measured?
Percentage of New York students in community colleges and other undergraduate students who enrolled full time.

Who Is Counted?
All first-time certificate- or degree-seeking students in New York Community Colleges and in other degree-granting institutions enrolled in fall.

What It Tells Us
Among degree-seeking students who first enrolled in New York Community Colleges in fall 2014, about 88 percent of students started as full-time students.

Why It’s Important
Students who enroll full time during their first term are more likely to persist and complete awards, though community college students are typically less likely to enroll full time than students enrolled in other degree-granting institutions. By definition, full-time students attempt more credits than part-time students, so the former students are better able to earn a substantial number of credits during their first year (another measure of progress). Not all students who enroll full time in their first term will enroll full time in all subsequent terms, but those who enroll exclusively full time are more likely to earn a certificate, associate degree, or bachelor’s degree than those who enroll part time for at least one term.

ABOUT THE DATA
Degree- or certificate-seeking student: a student enrolled in for-credit courses and who is recognized by the institution as seeking a degree, certificate, or other formal award. The formal definition of “degree-seeking” or “certificate-seeking” varies by state.

First-time student: a student who has no prior postsecondary experience attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. This category includes students enrolled in academic or occupational programs.

Full-time student: a student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, for 12 or more quarter credits, or for 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Data from the most recent year may not be final and are subject to revision.

DATA SOURCE